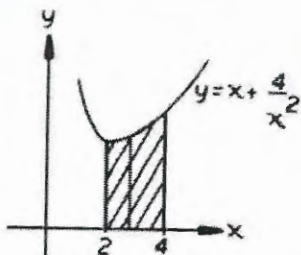


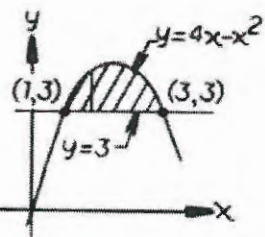
Worksheet for Sections 6.1 - 6.2

- I 1. Find the area of the region enclosed by  $y = x + \frac{4}{x^2}$ , the x-axis,  $x = 2$ , and  $x = 4$ .



7

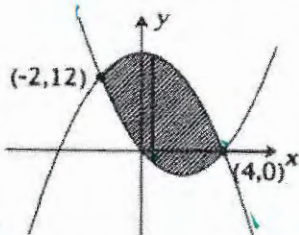
2. Find the area of the region enclosed by  $y = 4x - x^2$ , and  $y = 3$ .



$$A = \int_1^3 (4x - x^2 - 3) dx = \left[ \frac{4x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} - 3x \right]_1^3$$

$$= ((18 - 9 - 9) - (2 - \frac{1}{3} - 3)) = \frac{4}{3}$$

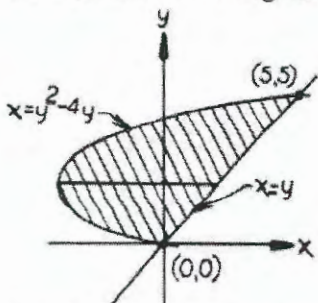
3. Find the area of the region enclosed by  $y = x^2 - 4x$  and  $y = 16 - x^2$ .



$$\int_{-2}^4 (16 - x^2 - (x^2 - 4x)) dx = \int_{-2}^4 (16 - 2x^2 + 4x) dx$$

$$\left[ 16x - \frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{4x^2}{2} \right]_{-2}^4 = (64 - \frac{128}{3} + 32) - (-\frac{32}{3} + \frac{16}{3} + 8)$$

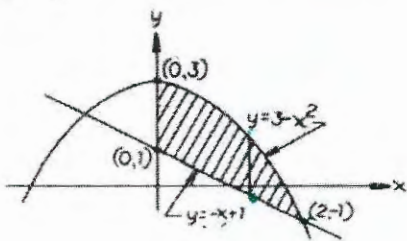
- I 4. Find the area of the region enclosed by  $x = y^2 - 4y$  and  $x = y$ .



$$\int_0^5 (y - (y^2 - 4y)) dy = \int_0^5 (5y - y^2) dy$$

$$\left[ \frac{5y^2}{2} - \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_0^5 = \left( \frac{125}{2} - \frac{125}{3} \right) - (0) = \frac{375 - 250}{6} = \frac{125}{6}$$

5. Find the area of the region enclosed by  $y = 3 - x^2$  and  $y = -x + 1$  between  $x = 0$  and  $x = 2$ .



$$\int_0^2 (3 - x^2 - (-x + 1)) dx = \int_0^2 (2 - x^2 + x) dx$$

$$\left[ 2x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^2$$

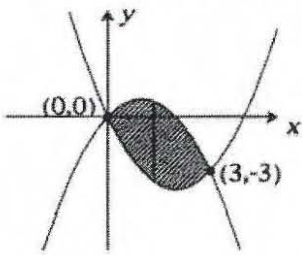
$$4 - \frac{8}{3} + \frac{2}{2} = 6 - \frac{8}{3} = \frac{18}{3} - \frac{8}{3} = \frac{10}{3}$$

Horiz Cross: ally's

Vertical Cross: all x's

Worksheet for Sections 6.1 - 6.2

6. Find the area of the region enclosed by  $y = x^2 - 4x$  and  $y = 2x - x^2$ .



$$2x - x^2 - x^2 + 4x$$

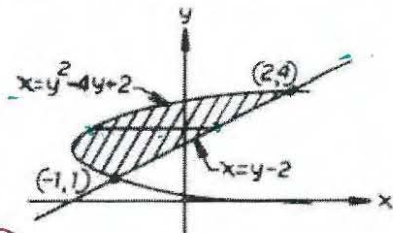
$$\int_0^3 (-2x^2 + 6x) dx$$

$$\left[ -\frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{6x^2}{2} \right]_0^3$$

$$\rightarrow (-18 + 27) - 0$$

9

7. Find the area of the region enclosed by  $x = y^2 - 4y + 2$  and  $x = y - 2$ .



$$y - 2 - y^2 + 4y - 2$$

$$\int_1^4 (y^2 + 5y - 4) dy$$

$$\left[ \frac{y^3}{3} + \frac{5y^2}{2} - 4y \right]_1^4$$

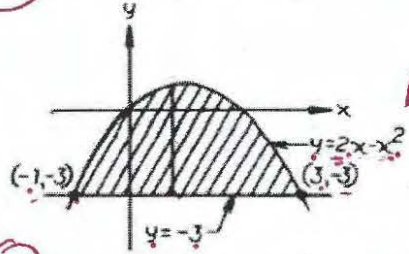
$$\rightarrow \left( \frac{-64}{3} + \frac{80}{2} - 16 \right) - \left( -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{2} - 4 \right)$$

$$24 - \frac{64}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{5}{2} + 4$$

$$28 - 21 - \frac{5}{2} = 7 - \frac{5}{2}$$

9/2

8. Find the area of the region enclosed by  $y = 2x - x^2$  and  $y = -3$ .



$$A = \int_{-1}^3 (2x - x^2 + 3) dx$$

$$\left[ \frac{2x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} + 3x \right]_{-1}^3$$

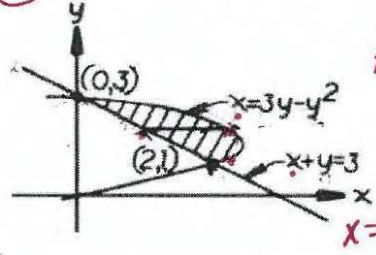
$$\rightarrow (9 - 9 + 9) + (1 + \frac{1}{3} + 3)$$

$$9 - 1 - \frac{1}{3} + 3$$

$$11 - \frac{1}{3} = 10\frac{2}{3}$$

10 2/3

9. Find the area of the region enclosed by  $x = 3y - y^2$  and  $x + y = 3$ .



$$A = \int_1^3 (3y - y^2 - 3 + y) dy$$

$$\int_1^3 (4y - y^2 - 3) dy$$

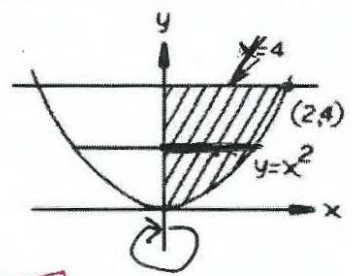
$$\left[ \frac{4y^2}{2} - \frac{y^3}{3} - 3y \right]_1^3$$

$$\rightarrow (18 - 9 - 9) - (2 - \frac{1}{3} - 3)$$

$$-2 + \frac{1}{3} + 3 = 1 + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

32/3 units^2

I 10. Use the disk method to find the volume of the solid that results when the area of the region enclosed by  $y = x^2$ ,  $x = 0$ , and  $y = 4$  is revolved about the y-axis.



$$A = \left[ \frac{24y^2}{2} - \frac{y^3}{3} - 3y \right]_1^3$$

$$\rightarrow (18 - 9 - 9) - (2 - \frac{1}{3} - 3)$$

$$-2 + \frac{1}{3} + 3 = 1 + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

4/3 units^2

10 8π